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المقدمة

Introduction
In pursuit of achieving the desired goals, the GCC-Stat is pleased to present (The Atlas of GCC Foreign Trade Statistics 2014). The Atlas reviews the key data and indicators of foreign trade in the GCC countries in 2014 like exports, imports, the volume of trade exchange, the surplus indicator and trade balance.

On this occasion, the GCC-Stat would like to extend its thanks and appreciation to all statistical offices in Member States for providing the data required to compile this Atlas. Thanks are also due to all the staff members in the GCC-Stat for their effective contribution to the production of this current release. The Center continues to welcome all suggestions and feedback that will enrich the content of the Atlas and will further develop future releases.
Note to Users
The Atlas of GCC Foreign Trade Statistics aims to provide users in government institutions, the public sector, the media, businesses, researchers, statisticians, other educational institutions and the general public with the most up-to-date data and information related to development in the economic and trade sectors in the GCC countries.

The Atlas shows the key foreign trade statistics in the GCC countries; it includes a number of geographical maps that demonstrate the key GCC foreign trade indicators like the trade balance, the volume of trade exchange, and the total merchandise exports and imports between the GCC countries and the rest of the world.

Data sources:
The statistical centers in the GCC countries are the official source of the geographical maps and statistics included in the Atlas, except for the geospatial data of the United Arab Emirates and the World map which were obtained through the maps published on the website of the Environmental Systems Research Institute (esri).

Data reference period:
All indicators refer to 2014, except when otherwise indicated in the margin of the maps.

Notifications:
● The Atlas has been prepared by the GIS section in the IT department in the GCC-Stat.
● The maps used in this Atlas cannot be used as reference for political and International boundaries; they are only used for statistical presentation.
● The GCC countries are ordered by using the Arabic alphabetical order.
● Whenever the term “GCC countries” is mentioned in this Atlas, it refers to the member countries of the Cooperation Council for the Arab States of the Gulf Countries.
● “Oil- exports” refer to the total sum of the exports of crude oil, oil products and natural gas transported across the geographical boundaries of countries based on the criteria adopted in each country and directed to other importing countries.
● Total non-oil exports and re-exports refer to the sum of non-oil exports of domestic goods and re-exports.
● The term “intra-trade”, in this Atlas, refers to all commodity flows among GCC countries in proportion to the total exports of non-oil merchandise.
● The Center is pleased to receive feedback and suggestions in order to improve and enrich the content GCC-Stat’s future releases.

By publishing the GCC Foreign Trade Statistics Atlas in 2014, we aim to provide users with the most up-to-date data and information related to foreign trade in the GCC countries. The Atlas presents key foreign trade statistics in a graphical and geographical format, allowing users to understand the trade relationships and trends between GCC countries and the rest of the world. The data sources for the maps and statistics are official sources in the GCC countries, except for the geospatial data of the United Arab Emirates and the World map, which were obtained from the Environmental Systems Research Institute (ESRI). All indicators in the Atlas refer to 2014, unless otherwise noted in the margin of the maps.

The GCC countries are ordered alphabetically in the Atlas. The term “GCC countries” refers to the member countries of the Cooperation Council for the Arab States of the Gulf Countries. The “oil exports” refer to the total sum of crude oil, oil products, and natural gas exports across the geographical boundaries of countries, based on the criteria adopted in each country and directed to other importing countries. Total non-oil exports and re-exports refer to the sum of non-oil exports of domestic goods and re-exports. The term “intra-trade” in this Atlas refers to all commodity flows among GCC countries in proportion to the total exports of non-oil merchandise.

The Center is pleased to receive feedback and suggestions in order to improve and enrich the content of future releases of the Atlas.

The GCC Foreign Trade Statistics Atlas is intended to provide users in government institutions, the public sector, the media, businesses, researchers, statisticians, other educational institutions, and the general public with the most up-to-date data and information related to the economic and trade sectors in the GCC countries. The Atlas presents key foreign trade statistics in a graphical and geographical format, allowing users to understand the trade relationships and trends between GCC countries and the rest of the world. The data sources for the maps and statistics are official sources in the GCC countries, except for the geospatial data of the United Arab Emirates and the World map, which were obtained from the Environmental Systems Research Institute (ESRI). All indicators in the Atlas refer to 2014, unless otherwise noted in the margin of the maps.

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The Center is pleased to receive feedback and suggestions in order to improve and enrich the content of future releases of the Atlas.
المفاهيم والصطلحات

Concepts and Definitions
الصادرات السلعية الوطنية:
وتفترض أنها جميع السلع التي تم إنتاجها أو تصنيعها محلياً بالكامل، أو التي أدلى عليها عوامل صناعية غير شائعة ومحلية. ويستثمرها تصدير خارج البلاد، وذلك استثناء القيمة الجمركية المطلوبة عليها، وتعود قيمة الصادرات السلعية الوطنية إلى أساس (فوب)، وتعتبر قيمة البضائع بما فيها كافة المصروفات حتى وصولها إلى مركزي التحصيل الجمركي.

الصادرات النفطية:
هي جميع ما يخرج من الحدود الجغرافية للدولة من النفط الخام ومشتقاته أو الغاز الطبيعي، ويستثمرها تصدير إلى دول أخرى، ويستثمرها وفقًا للقيمة الجمركية المطلوبة عليها، وتعود قيمة البضائع بما فيها كافة المصروفات حتى وصولها إلى مركزي التحصيل الجمركي.

إعادة الصادرات السلعية:
هي جميع السلع التي سيتم استيرادها، ثم صادرتها دون تعديل واضح يغير شكلها أو قيمتها، وتعود قيمة البضائع بما فيها كافة المصروفات حتى وصولها إلى مركزي التحصيل الجمركي.

الواردات السلعية:
هي جميع السلع التي يتم استيرادها، وتتطلب كافة الإجراءات الجمركية، وتحل محل عملية الاستيراد، وتعود قيمة البضائع بما فيها كافة المصروفات حتى وصولها إلى مركزي التحصيل الجمركي.

الميزان التجاري:
هو الفرق بين قيمة التصدير أو القيمة الكلية لجميع الصادرات، وقيمة الاصول المنتجة، ولا يمكن أن تكون قيماً سلبية.

حجم التبادل التجاري:
هو المجامع بين القيمة الكلية لجميع المزايا أو القيمة الكلية للجميع المزايا في جميع المجالات.

التجارة البينية:
مصطلح يشير إلى 모든 المعاملات التجارية التي تجري بين دول مجلس التعاون الخليجي.
01

Facts about GCC Countries
Map (1): Geographic Location of GCC Countries Among the Continents of the World

Sources of Data and Maps: The National Statistical Centers (NSC's) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri's Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013) DVD

This map is not considered as a reference for political & international boundaries.
Map (2): GCC Countries and Capitals

GCC Countries: دول مجلس التعاون

<table>
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<th>Country</th>
<th>Capital</th>
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</thead>
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<td>Muscat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State of Qatar</td>
<td>Doha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kingdom of Bahrain</td>
<td>Manama</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State of Kuwait</td>
<td>Kuwait</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kingdom of Saudi Arabia</td>
<td>Riyadh</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United Arab Emirates</td>
<td>Abu Dhabi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sultanate of Oman</td>
<td>Muscat</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Map Legend:
- GCC Countries
- Country
- Capital

Sources of Data and Maps: The National Statistical Centers (NSC's) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Maps from Esri's Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013) DVD

This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries.
Map (3): Area of GCC Countries 2014

Total area of GCC Countries: 2,410,743 km²

- Kingdom of Saudi Arabia: 2,000,000 km²
- State of Kuwait: 774 km²
- State of Qatar: 17,818 km²
- Kingdom of Bahrain: 774 km²
- United Arab Emirates: 309,500 km²
- Sultanate of Oman: 71,024 km²

Map Legend:
- GCC Countries
- Country
- Map Legend

This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries.
Map (4): Population of GCC Countries 2014

Total of Population of GCC Countries

49,855,795

60.9% Males
39.1% Females

Sources of Data and Maps: The National Statistical Centers (NSC’s) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri’s Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013) DVD

This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries

This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries.

Sources of Data and Maps: The National Statistical Centers (NSC’s) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri’s Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013) DVD.
Map (6): Main Commercial Ports of GCC Countries 2014

This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries.

Sources of Data and Maps: The National Statistical Centers (NSC’s) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri's Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013) DVD.
Map (7): Main Commercial Ports of GCC Countries 2014

Map Legend

GCC Countries

Country

Port

Sources of Data and Maps: The National Statistical Centers (NSC) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri’s Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013) DVD

This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries
02

Foreign Trade Key Indicators in GCC Countries 2014

أبرز مؤشرات التجارة الخارجية لدول مجلس التعاون 2014م
أهم حقائق التجارة الخارجية لدول مجلس التعاون 2014م

عالمياً ترتيب دول مجلس التعاون في مؤشر فائض الميزان التجاري خلال عام 2014م.

انخفاض حجم التبادل التجاري لدول مجلس التعاون خلال عام 2014م لبلغ نحو 1335.8 مليار دولار أمريكي.

مؤشر حجم الصادرات السلعية في جميع دول مجلس التعاون خلال عام 2014م مقارنة مع العام السابق له نتيجة للانخفاض أسعار النفط.

معدل انخفاض الصادرات غير النفطية لدول مجلس التعاون خلال عام 2014م.

أهم الشركاء التجاريين لدول مجلس التعاون في مؤشر الصادرات غير النفطية خلال عام 2014م.

أهمية إنهاء الميزانية في واردات دول المجلس وكانت من الصين حيث بلغت قيمة الواردات 56.1 مليار دولار أمريكي خلال عام 2014م.

نسبة النصيب الأكبر من حيث حصتها في الصادرات السلعية لدول مجلس التعاون وبنسبة 75.9% خلال عام 2014م.

انخفاض قيمة الصادرات البينية بين دول مجلس التعاون خلال عام 2014م.
GCC ranks in trade balance surplus in 2014.

Decline in the GCC total trade exchange in 2014 to $1335.8 billion.

The decline in merchandise exports in all the GCC Countries during 2014 compared with the previous year was caused by the drop in oil price.

The rate of decline in GCC Non-oil exports in 2014.

Key trading partner for non-oil exports of GCC Countries during 2014.

Key trading partner for total imports of GCC Countries during 2014.

The largest increase in the GCC imports is recorded by China and was $56.1 billion in 2014.

Constitute the largest component in the GCC Countries exports (75.9%) in 2014.

Decline in intra-exports among the GCC Countries in 2014.
Map (8): Trade Exchange of GCC Countries and the World 2014

Total of Trade Exchange of GCC Countries and the World 2014

1,335.8 Billion $

This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries.
Map (9): Percentage Distribution (%) for Total GCC Countries Exports & Imports 2014

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Exports (%)</th>
<th>Imports (%)</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kingdom of Saudi Arabia</td>
<td>36.6%</td>
<td>19.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State of Kuwait</td>
<td>6.5%</td>
<td>11.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State of Qatar</td>
<td>6.5%</td>
<td>14.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kingdom of Bahrain</td>
<td>4.1%</td>
<td>2.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State of Oman</td>
<td>6.4%</td>
<td>12.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United Arab Emirates</td>
<td>39.9%</td>
<td>24.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sultanate of Oman</td>
<td>6.5%</td>
<td>6.3%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Map Legend

- **100%**
- **50%**
- **Total Exports**
- **Total Imports**

This map is not considered as a reference for political & international boundaries.

Sources of Data and Maps: The National Statistical Centers (NSC's) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri's Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013).
Map (10): Percentage Distribution (%) for the Total Exports Trade in GCC Countries 2014

The Total Exports Trade in GCC Countries 2014

$860.2 Billion

United Arab Emirates

Kingdom of Bahrain

State of Qatar

State of Kuwait

Sultanate of Oman

Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

25
Map (11): World Ranking of GCC Countries in Trade Balance Surplus 2014

Key to the Map

Map Legend

World Ranking - Trade Balance Surplus
Billion $

China
Russia
Germany
Netherlands
GCC Countries

Sources of Data and Maps: The National Statistical Centers (NSC's) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri's Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013) DVD

This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries

لا تعتبر هذه الخريطة مرجعًا للحدود السياسية والدولية

This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries

أطلس إحصائي التجارة الخارجية 2014م

Atlas of Foreign Trade Statistics 2014
Map (12): Percentage Distribution (%) for GCC Countries Exports of Non Oil Merchandise by Key Importer Countries 2014

- China: 11.7%
- South Korea: 2.9%
- India: 5.6%
- Singapore: 3.2%
- Pakistan: 3.0%
- Turkey: 2.8%
- Jordan: 11.7%
- Iraq: 4.0%
Map (13): Percentage Distribution (%) for GCC Countries Re-Exports by Key Importer Countries 2014

Map Legend

Percentage Distribution (%) Re Exports

Countries Re-Export to:

1. China 4.0%
2. Hong Kong 4.8%
3. India 9.1%
4. Iran 17.2%
5. Switzerland 3.7%
6. United Kingdom 4.3%

This map is not considered as a reference for political & international boundaries.

Sources of Data and Maps: The National Statistical Centers (NSC’s) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri’s Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013) DVD.
Map (14): Percentage Distribution (%) for GCC Countries Imports by Key Exporter Countries 2014

The map shows the percentage distribution (%) of goods imported into GCC countries from key exporter countries for the year 2014.

Key Exporter Countries and their Percentage Distribution of Imports into GCC:
- China: 13.2%
- South Korea: 6.9%
- Japan: 4.2%
- India: 6.6%
- United Kingdom: 3.5%
- Switzerland: 3.1%
- France: 3.1%
- Italy: 3.6%
- Germany: 7.0%
- U.S.A: 2.0 - 3.0%
- Other countries: 2.0 - 3.0%

Map Legend:
- 12.1 - 14.0%
- 9.1 - 12.0%
- 6.1 - 9.0%
- 3.1 - 6.0%
- 0.1 - 3.0%
- 2.0 - 3.0%

Sources of Data and Maps: The National Statistical Centers (NSC) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri’s Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013) DVD.

This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries.

なお、この図は政治的及び国際的な境界を参照するものではありません。
Map (15): Percentage Distribution (%) of Total Exports Non Oil from GCC Countries by Continents 2014

Box: 2014

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Continent</th>
<th>Percentage Distribution (%) of Total Exports</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Africa</td>
<td>64.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>16.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>13.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North America</td>
<td>5.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South America</td>
<td>0.9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Map Legend

- 64.3
- 51.1
- 16.7
- 13.0
- 5.1
- 0.9

This map is not considered as a reference for political & international boundaries.
Map (16): Percentage Distribution (%) of Imports to GCC Countries by Continents 2014

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Continent</th>
<th>Percentage Distribution (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Africa</td>
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<td>Asia</td>
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<td>Europe</td>
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<td>North America</td>
<td>30.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South America</td>
<td>44.6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries.
Aspects of GCC Foreign Trade 2014
Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) Countries occupied the fifth place worldwide in terms of the total merchandise trade exchange valued at $1,335.8 billion. They also ranked fourth in the total merchandise exports, which amounted to $860.2 billion. The GCC countries came twelfth in the total imports of goods valued at $475.6 billion and ranked first worldwide with regard to the trade surplus which amounted to $384.6 billion in 2014.

The value of the GCC total merchandise trade exchange declined by 4.8% in 2014, amounting to $1,335.8 billion, compared with $1,403.8 billion in 2013. Influenced by a decrease in world oil prices, exports value dropped by 8.4% to $860.2 billion compared to $938.7 billion in 2013. The value of imports rose by 2.3%, to $475.6 billion in 2014 compared to $465.1 billion in 2013.

As for the GCC total imports in 2014 compared with the previous years, most GCC countries recorded an increase in the value of imports which ranged between 1.7% in the United Arab Emirates and 13.3% in Qatar. Imports rose by 3.4% in Saudi Arabia, 5.9% in Kuwait and 5.6% in the Kingdom of Bahrain, while the value of imports decreased in the Sultanate of Oman by 13.0%.

The data show a decrease in the value of the non-oil exports and re-exports in GCC by 0.1% in 2014, slightly falling to $206.6 billion in 2014 compared to $206.9 billion in the previous year. In 2014, the exports directed to India, Singapore, Iran, and China declined by 18.8%, 8.7%, 5.5%, and 1.0%, respectively compared to 2013. However, the total value of the GCC non-oil exports and re-exports directed to Iraq and the European Union increased by 67.7%, and 7.5%, respectively. Moreover, the total of non-oil exports and re-exports declined in the GCC Intra-Trade in 2014 by about 1.3%, which amounted to about $49.3 billion.

The value of the GCC total merchandise trade exchange declined by 4.8% in 2014, amounting to $1,335.8 billion, compared with $1,403.8 billion in 2013. Influenced by a decrease in world oil prices, exports value dropped by 8.4% to $860.2 billion compared to $938.7 billion in 2013. The value of imports rose by 2.3%, to $475.6 billion in 2014 compared to $465.1 billion in 2013.

As for the GCC total imports in 2014 compared with the previous years, most GCC countries recorded an increase in the value of imports which ranged between 1.7% in the United Arab Emirates and 13.3% in Qatar. Imports rose by 3.4% in Saudi Arabia, 5.9% in Kuwait and 5.6% in the Kingdom of Bahrain, while the value of imports decreased in the Sultanate of Oman by 13.0%.

The data show a decrease in the value of the non-oil exports and re-exports in GCC by 0.1% in 2014, slightly falling to $206.6 billion in 2014 compared to $206.9 billion in the previous year. In 2014, the exports directed to India, Singapore, Iran, and China declined by 18.8%, 8.7%, 5.5%, and 1.0%, respectively compared to 2013. However, the total value of the GCC non-oil exports and re-exports directed to Iraq and the European Union increased by 67.7%, and 7.5%, respectively. Moreover, the total of non-oil exports and re-exports declined in the GCC Intra-Trade in 2014 by about 1.3%, which amounted to about $49.3 billion.
United Arab Emirates
The total merchandise trade exchange in the United Arab Emirates amounted to $403.6 billion in 2014 compared to $419.5 billion in 2013, a decline of 3.8%.

In 2014, the trade balance in United Arab Emirates recorded a significant decline in the surplus of about $22.1 billion, decreasing by 47.7%, as the trade surplus dropped to $24.3 billion in 2014 from $46.4 billion in 2013.

The value of total merchandise exports decreased to $213.9 billion in 2014 compared with $233.0 billion in 2013, a decrease of 8.2%. The value of total merchandise imports rose from $186.5 billion in 2013 to $189.6 billion in 2014, an increase of 1.7%.

Iran, India and Iraq together represented 28.6% of the United Arab Emirates Non-Oil Exports And Re-Exports in 2014 as the exports to these three countries were valued at $11.5 billion, $11.1 billion and $6.7 billion, respectively.

China ranked first in total imports with United Arab Emirates (11.7%) of total imports with a value of $22.1 billion, followed by the United States by (10.1%) valued at $19.2 billion.
Map (17): Geographic Location of United Arab Emirates within GCC Countries

Sources of Data and Maps: The National Statistical Centers (NSC's) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri’s Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013) DVD.

This map is not considered as a reference for political & international boundaries.

لا تعتبر هذه الخريطة مصدرًا للحدود السياسية والدولية.

*Atlas of Foreign Trade Statistics 2014*
Map (18): The Indicators of the United Arab Emirates 2014

- 2014

- 8,264,070

- Population Density (Person/Km²)

- 116

- 71,024

- Area (Km²)

- GDP at Current Price (Million $)

- 401,958.0

- Growth Rate of GDP (%)

- 3.4

- 2010 Data

- 48,639.2

- GDP per Capita (Dollar $)

- 37

Atlas of Foreign Trade Statistics 2014

This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries.
Map (19): Percentage Distribution (%) of United Arab Emirates Total Exports – Non Oil Exports and Re Exports - by Key Importer Countries 2014
خريطة (20): التوزيع النسبي (%) للواردات السلعية لدولة الإمارات العربية المتحدة حسب أهم الدول المصدرة 2014م

Map (20): Percentage Distribution (%) of United Arab Emirates Imports by Key Exporter Countries 2014

 Resolution of the General Secretariat of the GCC for the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri's Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013) DVD

This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries

الخريطة لـ (20) التوزيع النسبي (%) للواردات السلعية لدولة الإمارات العربية المتحدة حسب أهم الدول المصدرة 2014م

مصدر البيانات والخرائط: المراكز الإحصائية الوطنية بدول مجلس التعاون لدول الخليج العربية، وبيانات وخرائط دول العالم من قرص برنامج ArcGIS (2013) DVD
Map (21): Percentage Distribution (%) of United of Arab Emirates Exports –Non Oil Exports and Re Exports – by Continents 2014

This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries

Sources of Data and Maps: The National Statistical Centers (NSC’s) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri’s Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013) DVD
Map (22): Percentage Distribution (%) of United Arab Emirates Imports by Continents 2014
Kingdom of Bahrain

مملكة البحرين
The total merchandise trade exchange in Bahrain decreased to $42.9 billion in 2014 compared to $44.6 billion in 2013, a decline of 3.7%.

In Bahrain, the trade balance significantly dropped by 51.6% as the surplus fell from $7.3 billion in 2013 to $3.5 billion in 2014.

The value of total merchandise exports decreased by 10.4% to $23.2 billion in 2014 compared with $25.9 billion in 2013. The value of total merchandise imports rose from $18.7 billion in 2013 to $19.7 billion in 2014, an increase of 5.6%.

The Kingdom of Saudi Arabia occupied first place among the countries importing non-oil exports and re-exports from Bahrain amounting to $3.0 billion and representing 35.6% of the non-oil exports and re-exports. Similarly, The Kingdom of Saudi Arabia was the main supplier of the total merchandise imports to Bahrain with $8.3 billion, constituting 42.1% of the total merchandise total imports in Bahrain.

Aspects of Kingdom of Bahrain Foreign Trade 2014

The total merchandise trade exchange in Bahrain decreased to $42.9 billion in 2014 compared to $44.6 billion in 2013, a decline of 3.7%.

In Bahrain, the trade balance significantly dropped by 51.6% as the surplus fell from $7.3 billion in 2013 to $3.5 billion in 2014.

The value of total merchandise exports decreased by 10.4% to $23.2 billion in 2014 compared with $25.9 billion in 2013. The value of total merchandise imports rose from $18.7 billion in 2013 to $19.7 billion in 2014, an increase of 5.6%.

The Kingdom of Saudi Arabia occupied first place among the countries importing non-oil exports and re-exports from Bahrain amounting to $3.0 billion and representing 35.6% of the non-oil exports and re-exports. Similarly, The Kingdom of Saudi Arabia was the main supplier of the total merchandise imports to Bahrain with $8.3 billion, constituting 42.1% of the total merchandise total imports in Bahrain.
Map (23): Geographic Location of Kingdom of Bahrain within GCC countries

This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries.

Sources of Data and Maps: The National Statistical Centers (NSC’s) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri’s Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013) DVD.
Map (24): Indicators of Kingdom of Bahrain 2014

**GDP at Current Price (Million $)**
- $25,398.3

**GDP per Capita (Dollar $)**
- $33,387.7

**Population**
- 1,698

**Population Density (Person/Km²)**
- 774

**Area (Km²)**
- 1,314,562

**Growth Rate of GDP (%)**
- 2.6

This map is not considered as a reference for political & international boundaries.

Sources of Data and Maps: The National Statistical Centers (NSC’s) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri's Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013) DVD.
Map (25): Percentage Distribution (%) of Kingdom of Bahrain Total Exports – Non Oil Exports and Re Exports – by Key Importer Countries 2014

- Morocco: 1.0%
- Turkey: 2.3%
- Algeria: 2.1%
- United States: 13.0%
- China: 2.9%
- India: 2.1%
- GCC Countries: 63.8%
- Other World Countries: 87.0%

This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries.
Map (26): Percentage Distribution (%) of Kingdom of Bahrain Imports by Key Exporter Countries 2014

This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries.

Sources of Data and Maps: The National Statistical Centers (NSC) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri’s Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013) DVD.
Map (27): Percentage Distribution (%) of Kingdom of Bahrain Exports – Non Oil Exports and Re Exports – by Continents 2014

Sources of Data and Maps: The National Statistical Centers (NSC’s) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri’s Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013) DVD

This map is not considered as a reference for political & international boundaries.
Map (28): Percentage Distribution (%) of Kingdom of Bahrain Imports by Continents 2014

Map Legend

Percentage Distribution (%) of Imports

72.9%
13.2%
8.6%
4.5%
0.8%

Sources of Data and Maps: The National Statistical Centers (NSC’s) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri's Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013) DVD.

This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries.

لامثل هذه الخريطة مرجعًا للحدود السياسية والدولية.
The total merchandise trade exchange in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia declined to $516.3 billion in 2014 compared to $544.0 billion in 2013, a decline of 5.1%.

In Saudi Arabia, the trade balance dropped by 18.8% as the surplus fell from $207.7 billion in 2013 to $168.6 Billion in 2014.

The value of total merchandise exports decreased to $342.4 billion in 2014 compared with $375.9 billion in 2013, a decrease of 8.9%. The value of total merchandise imports rose from $168.2 billion in 2013 to $173.8 billion in 2014, an increase of 3.4%.

China occupied first place among the countries importing non-oil exports and re-export from Saudi Arabia. The value of non-oil exports and re-exports from Saudi Arabia to China amounted to $7.3 billion, constituting 12.6% of non-oil exports and re-exports. This was followed by the United Arab Emirates with $6.4 billion, constituting 11.0% of non-oil exports and re-exports. China was the largest source total of merchandise imports to the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia in 2014. The value of total merchandise imports from China was $23.2 billion, constituting 13.4% of total merchandise imports. United States is the second with value of $22.6 billion constituting 13.0% of total merchandise imports.
Map (29): Geographic Location of Kingdom of Saudi Arabia within GCC Countries

This map is not considered as a reference for political & international boundaries.

Sources of Data and Maps: The National Statistical Centers (NSC’s) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri’s Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013) DVD.
Map (30): The Indicators of Kingdom of Saudi Arabia 2014

- GDP at Current Price (Million $): $24,878.4
- GDP per Capita (Dollar $): $753,831.6
- Population: 30,300,675
- Area (Km²): 2,000,000
- Growth Rate of GDP (%): 1.3
- Population Density (Person/Km²): 15
- Density of Population: 775,831.6
- Capital: Riyadh

Sources of Data and Maps:
- The National Statistical Centers (NSC’s) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri’s Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013) DVD

This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries.
Map (31): Percentage distribution (%) of Kingdom of Saudi Arabi Total Exports – Non Oil Exports and Re Exports – by Key Importer Countries 2014

Percentages (31), the percentage distribution (%) of the total exports of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, excluding oil exports, according to the main importing countries.

Total Exports – Non Oil Exports and Re Exports –

Key Importer Countries

China 12.6%
India 6.6%
Belgium 3.1%
Turkey 3.7%
Egypt 3.6%
Jordan 3.4%
Singapore 6.4%
Malaysia 2.6%
U.S.A 2.4%

Percentage Distribution (%) of Exports for Top (10) Countries and Other World Countries in 2014

Percentage (%) of Exports for Top (10) Importing Countries

Percentage (%) of Other World Countries

This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries.

Sources of Data and Maps: The National Statistical Centers (NSC’s) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri’s Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013) DVD

Map Legend

غراد اللون ومتغير الدفع: ألوان متغير اللون (أحمر، أصفر، أزرق، أصفر، أزرق، أصفر)

 percentages (31), the percentage distribution (%) of the total exports of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, excluding oil exports, according to the main importing countries.

Total Exports – Non Oil Exports and Re Exports –

Key Importer Countries

China 12.6%
India 6.6%
Belgium 3.1%
Turkey 3.7%
Egypt 3.6%
Jordan 3.4%
Singapore 6.4%
Malaysia 2.6%
U.S.A 2.4%

Percentage Distribution (%) of Exports for Top (10) Countries and Other World Countries in 2014

Percentage (%) of Exports for Top (10) Importing Countries

Percentage (%) of Other World Countries

This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries.

Sources of Data and Maps: The National Statistical Centers (NSC’s) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri’s Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013) DVD
خريطة (32)، التوزيع النسبي (%) للواردات السلعية للمملكة العربية السعودية حسب أهم الدول المصدرة 2014م

Map (32): Percentage Distribution (%) of Kingdom of Saudi Arabia Imports by Key Exporter Countries 2014
Map (33): Percentage distribution (%) of Kingdom of Saudi Arabia Exports – Non Oil Exports and Re Exports – by Continents 2014

---

Map Legend

Percentage Distribution (%) of Exports

<table>
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<th>Percentage Distribution (%) of Exports</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>72.5</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
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No consideration is given to political & International boundaries

Sources of Data and Maps: The National Statistical Centers (NSC’s) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri’s Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013) DVD
Map (34): Percentage Distribution (%) of Kingdom of Saudi Arabia Imports by Continents 2014

This map is not considered a reference for political & International boundaries.
Sultanate of Oman
The total merchandise trade exchange in the Sultanate of Oman declined to $84.2 billion in 2014 compared to $92.0 billion in 2013, a decline of 8.5%.

The merchandise trade balance in Sultanate of Oman in 2014 recorded a surplus of $22.3 billion, compared with $20.9 in 2013. This was an increase in the surplus of 6.8%.

The value of total merchandise exports decreased by 5.7% in 2014, with exports valued at $53.2 billion, compared with $56.4 in 2013. The value of total merchandise imports fell from $35.6 billion in 2013 to $30.9 in 2014, a decrease of 13.0%.

The United Arab Emirates ranked first in terms of the total non-oil merchandise trade exchange with the Sultanate of Oman. The value of non-oil exports and re-exports from Sultanate of Oman to the United Arab Emirates, amounted to $5.5 billion, representing 29.7% of the total non-oil exports and re-exports of the Sultanate of Oman. Similarly, the total merchandise imports to the Sultanate of Oman was $9.5 billion, constituting 30.7 % or almost one third of the total merchandise imports to Sultanate of Oman.

The total merchandise trade exchange in the Sultanate of Oman declined to $84.2 billion in 2014 compared to $92.0 billion in 2013, a decline of 8.5%.

The merchandise trade balance in Sultanate of Oman in 2014 recorded a surplus of $22.3 billion, compared with $20.9 in 2013. This was an increase in the surplus of 6.8%.

The value of total merchandise exports decreased by 5.7% in 2014, with exports valued at $53.2 billion, compared with $56.4 in 2013. The value of total merchandise imports fell from $35.6 billion in 2013 to $30.9 in 2014, a decrease of 13.0%.

The United Arab Emirates ranked first in terms of the total non-oil merchandise trade exchange with the Sultanate of Oman. The value of non-oil exports and re-exports from Sultanate of Oman to the United Arab Emirates, amounted to $5.5 billion, representing 29.7% of the total non-oil exports and re-exports of the Sultanate of Oman. Similarly, the total merchandise imports to the Sultanate of Oman was $9.5 billion, constituting 30.7 % or almost one third of the total merchandise imports to Sultanate of Oman.
Map (35): Geographic Location of Sultanate of Oman within GCC Countries

This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries.

Sources of Data and Maps: The National Statistical Centers (NSC’s) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri’s Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013) DVD.
خريدة (36): مؤشرات عن سلطنة عمان 2014م

Map (36): The Indicators of Sultanate of Oman 2014

- نسمات: 3,992,893
- المساحة: 309,500 كم²
- الناتج المحلي الإجمالي بالأسعار الحالية (رقمي): 20,294.6 مليون دولار أمريكي
- الناتج المحلي الإجمالي بالنسب (%) 2.7
- الناتج المحلي الإجمالي بالدولار الأمريكي للفرد: 81,034.3 دولار
- الكثافة السكانية (النسمة/كم²): 13

مصادر البيانات والخرائط: المراكز الإحصائية الوطنية في دول مجلس التعاون لدول الخليج العربية، وبيانات وخرائط دول العالم من قرص برنامج ArcGIS (2013)

This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries.
Map (37): Percentage Distribution (%) of Sultanate of Oman Exports – Non Oil Exports and Re-Exports – by Key Importer Countries 2014

(37) Map: Percentage Distribution (%) of Exports of Non-oil Exports for Top (10) Importing Countries and Other World Countries in 2014

Sources of Data and Maps: The National Statistical Centers (NSC’s) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri’s Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013) DVD

This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries.
Map (38): Percentage Distribution (%) of Sultanate of Oman Imports by Key Exporter Countries 2014
Map (39): Percentage Distribution (% of Sultanate of Oman Total Exports – Non Oil Exports and Re Exports – by Continents 2014
Map (40): Percentage Distribution (%) of Sultanate of Oman Imports by Continents 2014

Africa

Europe

North America

South America

Asia

Oceania

Map Legend

Percentage Distribution (%) of Imports

69.4
13.9
8.4
1.3
1.2

0 2,250 4,500 6,750 9,000 Km

Sources of Data and Maps: The National Statistical Centers (NSC) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri’s Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2010) DVD

This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries

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This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries
08

State of Qatar
The value of total merchandise trade exchange in Qatar declined to $157.1 billion in 2014 compared to $160.2 billion in 2013, a fall of 1.9%.

The value of trade balance in Qatar recorded a decrease in the surplus of 9.6%, declining to $96.3 billion compared to a trade surplus of $106.5 billion in 2013.

The value of total merchandise exports declined by 5.0%, from $133.3 billion in 2013 to $126.7 billion in 2014, while the value of total merchandise imports rose from $26.9 billion in 2013 to $30.4 billion in 2014, an increase of 13.3%.

The United Arab Emirates occupied first place among the countries importing non-oil exports and re-exports from Qatar, with value of $1.7 billion constituting 12.6 % of the non-oil exports and re-export from Qatar. On the other hand, the United States occupied the first rank among exporting countries to Qatar with regard to total merchandise imports. Total merchandise imports from the United States amounted to $3.5 billion, representing 11.4% of total merchandise imports to Qatar.

State of Qatar

شنهد إجمال الصادرات السلعية انخفاضا بنسبة 5.0% حيث انخفضت من 133.3 مليار دولار أمريكي في عام 2013 إلى 126.7 مليار دولار أمريكي في عام 2014، بينما ازدادت الواردات السلعية من 26.9 مليار دولار أمريكي في عام 2013 إلى 30.4 مليار دولار أمريكي في عام 2014، وزيادة قدرها 13.3%.

استلمت دولة الإمارات العربية المتحدة المرتبة الأولى بين الدول المستورة للصادرات السلعية عبر التغطية لدولة قطر، حيث بلغت 1.7 مليار دولار أمريكي، أي ما نسبته 12.6% من إجمالي الصادرات السلعية عبر التغطية. أما من حيث الواردات السلعية لدولة قطر جاءت الولايات المتحدة الأمريكية في المرتبة الأولى بين الدول المصدرة لها حيث بلغت قيمتها 3.5 مليار دولار أمريكي، أي ما نسبته 11.4%.

The United Arab Emirates occupied first place among the countries importing non-oil exports and re-exports from Qatar, with value of $1.7 billion constituting 12.6% of the non-oil exports and re-export from Qatar. On the other hand, the United States occupied the first rank among exporting countries to Qatar with regard to total merchandise imports. Total merchandise imports from the United States amounted to $3.5 billion, representing 11.4% of total merchandise imports to Qatar.

The value of trade balance in Qatar recorded a decrease in the surplus of 9.6%, declining to $96.3 billion compared to a trade surplus of $106.5 billion in 2013.

The value of total merchandise exports declined by 5.0%, from $133.3 billion in 2013 to $126.7 billion in 2014, while the value of total merchandise imports rose from $26.9 billion in 2013 to $30.4 billion in 2014, an increase of 13.3%.

State of Qatar

The value of total merchandise trade exchange in Qatar declined to $157.1 billion in 2014 compared to $160.2 billion in 2013, a fall of 1.9%.

The value of trade balance in Qatar recorded a decrease in the surplus of 9.6%, declining to $96.3 billion compared to a trade surplus of $106.5 billion in 2013.

The value of total merchandise exports declined by 5.0%, from $133.3 billion in 2013 to $126.7 billion in 2014, while the value of total merchandise imports rose from $26.9 billion in 2013 to $30.4 billion in 2014, an increase of 13.3%.

The United Arab Emirates occupied first place among the countries importing non-oil exports and re-exports from Qatar, with value of $1.7 billion constituting 12.6% of the non-oil exports and re-export from Qatar. On the other hand, the United States occupied the first rank among exporting countries to Qatar with regard to total merchandise imports. Total merchandise imports from the United States amounted to $3.5 billion, representing 11.4% of total merchandise imports to Qatar.
Map (41): Geographic Location of State of Qatar within GCC Countries

This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries

Sources of Data and Maps: The National Statistical Centers (NSC’s) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri’s Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013) DVD
Map (42): The Indicators of State of Qatar 2014

- Population: 2,216,180
- GDP at Current Price (Million $): 94,806.8
- GDP per Capita (Dollar $): 42,191
- Growth Rate of GDP (%): 4.1
- Area (Km²): 11,627
- Population Density (Person/Km²): 191
- GDP at Constant Prices (Million $): 210,109

Note: This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries.

Sources of Data and Maps: The National Statistical Centers (NSC's) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri's Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013) DVD.
Map (43): Percentage distribution (%) of State of Qatar Total Exports – Non Oil Exports and Re Exports – by Key Importer Countries 2014

This map is not considered as a reference for political & international boundaries.
Map (44): Percentage Distribution (%) of State of Qatar Imports by Key Exporter Countries 2014

- **المملكة المتحدة (United Kingdom):** 5.4%
- **الصين (China):** 10.6%
- **كوريا الجنوبية (South Korea):** 3.4%
- **الإيطاليا (Italy):** 6.4%
- **ألمانيا (Germany):** 11.4%
- **الهند (India):** 7.1%
- **سويسرا (Switzerland):** 3.1%
- **الولايات المتحدة (U.S.A):** 15.9%
- **سويسرا (Switzerland):** 4.9%
- **الولايات المتحدة (U.S.A):** 71%
- **الولايات المتحدة (U.S.A):** 3.8%

**Map Legend:**
- Percentage Distribution (%) of State of Qatar Imports by Key Exporter Countries

**Percentage Distribution (%) of Imports for Top (10) Exporting Countries vs. Other World Countries in 2014**

**Percentage (%) of Other World Countries:**
- 72.0%

**Percentage (%) of Top (10) Exporting Countries:**
- 28.0%

**Notes:**
- This map is not considered as a reference for political & international boundaries.
- Sources of Data and Maps: The National Statistical Centers (NSC) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri’s Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013) DVD.
Map (45): Percentage Distribution (%) of State of Qatar Exports – Non Oil Exports and Re Exports – by Continents 2014

Map Legend
Percentage Distribution (%) of Exports

This map is not considered as a reference for political & international boundaries.
Map (46): Percentage Distribution (%) of State of Qatar Imports by Continents 2014

Percentage Distribution (%) of Imports

Map Legend

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Percentage Distribution (%) of Imports</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>Asia</td>
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<td>Europe</td>
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<td>Oceania</td>
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<tr>
<td>Africa</td>
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</tbody>
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Sources of Data and Maps: The National Statistical Centers (NSC) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri's Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013) DVD

This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries

لا تعتبر هذه الخريطة مرجعًا للحدود السياسية والدولية

Originally by (46), the percentage distribution (%) of imports to the country in 2014.
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State of Kuwait
The total merchandise trade exchange in Kuwait decreased to $131.7 billion compared to $143.4 billion in 2013, a decrease of 8.2%.

The value of the merchandise trade balance surplus in 2014 declined by 17.9%. The surplus in 2014 was $69.6 billion, compared with $84.8 billion in 2013.

The value of total merchandise exports decreased by 11.8% in 2014, with exports valued at $100.7 billion in 2014, compared with $114.1 billion in 2013. However the value of merchandise imports rose from $29.3 billion in 2013 to $31.0 billion in 2014, an increase of 5.9%.

China ranked first in trade exchange with Kuwait comprising non-oil exports and re-exports and total imports. The value of non-oil exports and re-exports to China amounted to $1.0 billion which accounted for 16.3% of the non-oil exports and re-exports in Kuwait. The value of merchandise imports from China to Kuwait equaled $4.5 billion contributing 14.3% of total merchandise imports into Kuwait.
Map (47): Geographic Location of State of Kuwait within GCC Countries

This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries.

Sources of Data and Maps: The National Statistical Centers (NSC’s) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri’s Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013) DVD.
Map (48): The Indicators of State of Kuwait 2014

- **GDP at Current Price (Million $):** 162,694.5
- **GDP per Capita (Dollar $):** 43,184.6
- **Population:** 3,767,415
- **Area (Km²):** 1,7818
- **Population Density (Person/Km²):** 211
- **Growth Rate of GDP (%):** -6.0
- **Average Birth Rate:**

This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries.

Sources of Data and Maps: The National Statistical Centers (NSC's) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri's Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013) DVD.
خريطة (49): التوزيع النسبي (%) للاجمالي الصادرات السلعية غير النفطية لدولة الكويت حسب أهم الدول المستورة 2014م

Map (49): Percentage distribution (%) of State of Kuwait Total Exports - Non oil Merchandise - by Key Importer Countries 2014
خريطة (50): التوزيع النسبي (%) للواردات السلعية لدولة الكويت حسب أهم الدول المصدرة 2014م

Map (50): Percentage Distribution (%) of State of Kuwait Imports by Key Exporter Countries 2014

مصدر البيانات والخرائط: المراكز الإحصائية الوطنية بدول مجلس التعاون لدول الخليج العربية وزيرة بيانات وبيانات عالمية من خرائط معهد البحوث والنظم البيئية

Sources of Data and Maps: The National Statistical Centers (NSC's) in the GCC Countries, and the World Countries Map from Esri's Data and Maps for ArcGIS (2013) DVD

This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries

(2014)
Map (51): Percentage Distribution (%) of State of Kuwait Exports - Non oil Marchndize - by Continents 2014
Map (52): Percentage Distribution (%) of State of Kuwait Imports by Continents 2014

This map is not considered as a reference for political & International boundaries.
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Atlas of Foreign Trade Statistics 2014

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